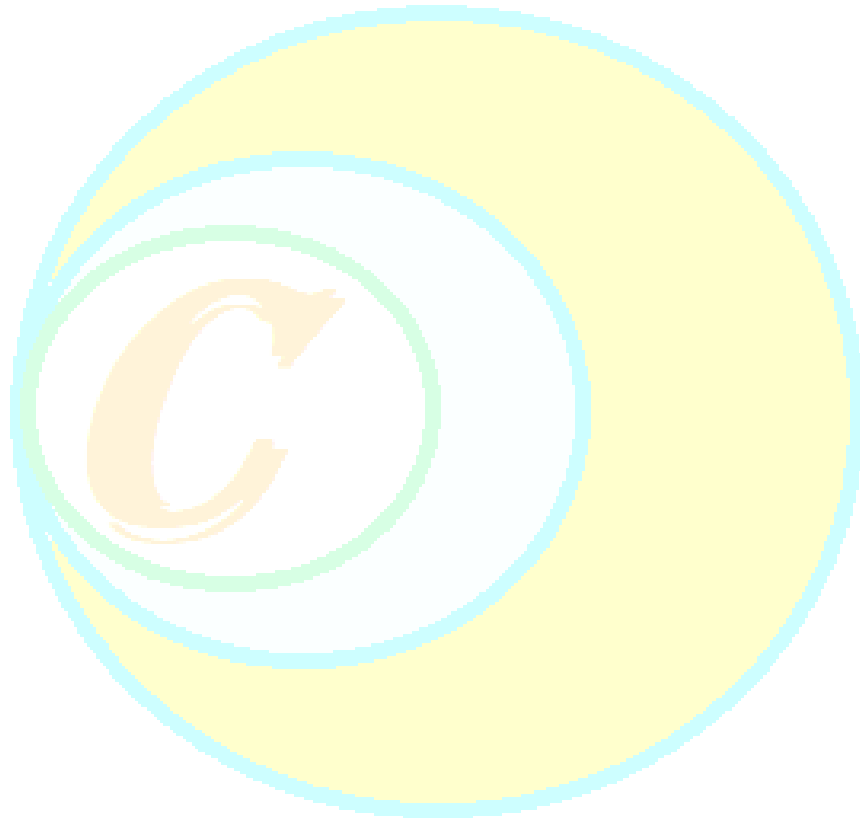


# ARTICLE 2 OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION



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## Article 2 of the Indian Constitution

Article 2 of the Indian Constitution deals with the admission or incorporation of new states into the Indian Union. It outlines the conditions and procedures under which new territories can become part of India.

*Explanation:*

1. **Incorporation of New States:** Article 2 empowers the Parliament of India to admit new states into the Union of India. These new states can be territories that were not part of India when the Constitution was adopted in 1950.
2. **Territories Acquired:** This article primarily applies to territories that were acquired or merged into India after the commencement of the Constitution. It allows for the expansion of the Indian Union through legal and constitutional means.
3. **Conditions for Admission:** The admission of new states is not automatic. It is subject to certain conditions:
  - **The President's recommendation:** Before a new state can be admitted, the President of India must receive a proposal from the Parliament or the Legislature of the concerned state, recommending the admission of a new territory.
  - **Consent of the territory:** The people of the territory in question must give their consent through a majority vote in favor of becoming part of India.
4. **Parliament's Role:** The power to admit new states lies with the Parliament. It can pass laws specifying the terms and conditions of the admission and the name of the new state.
5. **Name and Boundary Changes:** Article 2 also allows for changes in the names and boundaries of existing states in connection with the admission of

new territories. These changes are typically made through parliamentary legislation.

6. **Exception for Jammu and Kashmir:** It's important to note that Article 2 does not apply to the state of Jammu and Kashmir. The special provisions regarding the state's accession are covered under Article 370 of the Constitution.

Article 2 of the Indian Constitution reflects the flexibility and adaptability of the Constitution to accommodate changes in India's territorial boundaries over time. It ensures that the process of admitting new states is democratic, involving the consent of the people in the affected territories and the active involvement of the Parliament. This provision has been instrumental in the integration of various territories into the Indian Union since independence.

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